

St Ailbe's Anti-Bullying Policy

1. In accordance with the requirements of the [Education \(Welfare\) Act 2000](#) and the code of behaviour [guidelines](#) issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of St Ailbe's school have adopted the following anti-bullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools, which were published in September 2013.

This policy comprehends bullying that is either perpetrated by students or experienced by students in the School. The matter of intra-staff bullying is addressed in the following ETB policies.

- **Bullying Prevention Policy – Compliant Procedure for ETB Staff**
 - **Harassment/Sexual Harassment prevention policy – complaint procedure for ETB staff**
2. The Board of Management of St Ailbe's school adopts the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#) issued by the Department of Education and Skills (September 2013) as the basis for the way in which St Ailbe's school community addresses the issue of bullying.
 3. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of students or staff and is therefore fully committed to the following key principles of best practice in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour.
 - I. A positive school culture and climate which:
 - ✓ is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
 - ✓ encourages students and staff to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
 - ✓ promotes respectful relationships across the school community.
 - II. Effective leadership.
 - III. A school-wide approach.
 - IV. A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact.
 - V. Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that:
 - ✓ build empathy, respect and resilience in students;
 - ✓ Explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying;
 - ✓ including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying.
 - VI. Effective supervision and monitoring of students.
 - VII. Supports for staff.
 - VIII. Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies).
 - IX. On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
 4. In accordance with the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#) bullying is defined as follows.

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying.

Deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying.

Cyber-bullying.

Identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, **placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.**

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour. Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools.

Those who bully others in a non-physical way often do not realise that their actions may have serious legal consequences for them. **The reality, however, is that bullying may constitute a criminal offence.**

For example, bullying may constitute a criminal offence under **Section 10 of the Non-Fatal Offences against the Person Act 1997**.

Section 10 of this act deals with harassment and provides that a person may be guilty of this crime if s/he:

'... without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, by any means including by use of the telephone, harasses another by persistently following, watching, pestering, besetting or communicating with him or her.

'For the purpose of this section, a person harasses another where-

he or she, by his or her acts intentionally or recklessly, seriously interferes with the other's peace and privacy or causes alarm, distress or harm to the other, and

(b) his or her acts are such that a reasonable person would realise that the acts would seriously interfere with the other's peace and privacy or cause alarm, distress or harm to the other'.

Section 10 harassment is an arrestable offence and, if convicted on indictment, carries a jail term not exceeding 7 years. On conviction also, a court may make an order that the guilty party may not, for a specified period, communicate by any means, or come within a specified distance of a person's home or workplace.

Section 2 of the Prohibition of Incitement to Hatred Act (1989) makes it a criminal offence for a person to *publish or distribute written material, to use words, behave or display written material ... or to distribute, show or play a recording of visual images or sounds, if the written material, words, behaviour, visual images or sounds, as the case may be, are threatening, abusive or insulting and are intended or, having regard to all the circumstances, are likely to stir up hatred.* Those convicted on indictment under this provision may be sentenced to a maximum of two years imprisonment and/or a fine of up to £10,000.00.

Even where bullying does not amount to a criminal offence, the perpetrator may be held liable for damages in civil court proceedings. For example, **statements made on social media sites are covered by the provisions of the Defamation Act 2009**, which at Section 2 defines a defamatory statement as ‘one which tends to injure a person’s reputation in the eyes of reasonable members of society’.

Many, young and not so young, seem to feel that by posting anonymously on social networking sites, they can guarantee that their identity is protected. This, however, is not the case. Indeed, in many cases the content of messages makes it easy to identify the perpetrator. In any case, where the Gardaí have grounds for believing that criminal activity may be occurring, applications can be made to the courts requiring the internet service provider or others in possession of relevant information to divulge a perpetrator’s identity.

Where it is felt that bullying may amount to a criminal act, the School/College will seek legal advice and the matter will be reported to the Gardaí.

The list of examples below is non exhaustive.

Examples of Bullying Behaviours

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| General behaviours which apply to all | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc. • Physical aggression • Damage to property • Persistent Name calling • Persistent Slagging • The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person • Offensive graffiti • Extortion • Intimidation • Insulting or offensive gestures • Invasion of personal space • A combination of any of the types listed. • Exclusion • No innocent bystander |
| Cyber | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person’s reputation • Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing messages to an individual • Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another person’s name • Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online fight |

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online • Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising information or images • Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group • Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety • Silent telephone/mobile phone call • Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls • Abusive text messages • Abusive email • Abusive communication on social networks. • Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures • Abusive posts on any form of communication technology |
| Identity Based Behaviours Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community). | |
| Homophobic and Transgender | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation • Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation • Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbian...used in a derogatory manner • Physical intimidation or attacks • Threats |
| Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background • Exclusion on the basis of any of the above |
| Relational | <p>This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Malicious gossip • Isolation & exclusion • Ignoring • Excluding from the group • Spreading rumours • Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear • Use of terminology such as "nerd" in a derogatory way |
| Sexual | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching • Harassment |

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| Special Educational Needs, Disability – Learning Difficulties and Gifted | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name calling • Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs • Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying • Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues. • Mimicking a person's disability • Setting others up for ridicule |
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5. To whom should concerns about a student being bullied be reported – relevant teachers for investigating and dealing with bullying?

Students, parents, non-teaching staff or members of the wider community should feel welcome to report their concerns to any member of the teaching staff – including the Principal, the Deputy Principal who in turn will report the incident to the Relevant Teacher. The Relevant Teachers for investigating and dealing with bullying are as follows: Year Heads, Deputy Principal and Principal. (See Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools)

6. Education and prevention strategies to combat bullying – Section 6.5 of DES Procedures

Note: St Ailbe's school has adopted a number of approaches for raising awareness of Bullying.

- 1) The NBSS friends for life programme
- 2) Working things Out (NBSS programme)
- 3) The Principal gives a number of classes to all first year's groups where the different types of bullying are outlined and the correct way to respond.
- 4) All first years will receive one class per week on digital media literacy (Cyber bullying will be explored during these classes.
- 5) Assemblies by Principal/Deputy Principal to promote respect and positive friendships.
- 6) Cyber bullying Talk – All year groups and teachers/ Parents.
- 7) BFL classroom teaches social skills and teaches anti bullying classes for student.

The rationale behind this approach is to involve students in understanding that bullying behaviour is unacceptable.

- 6.1 The School makes it clear to all members of the school community that bullying of any kind is unacceptable, irrespective of whether it is a student a staff member or any other person that is the subject of such behaviour. In this context, all members of the School community have a duty to bring to the attention of the Relevant Teacher, Deputy Principal or Principal any incident of bullying, cyberbullying or harassment that they know about or suspect.
- 6.2 While, when investigating and dealing with bullying the primary focus is on resolving differences and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than apportioning blame), the School nevertheless reserves

the right to take disciplinary action (up to and including suspension and expulsion), where such is warranted, in accordance with the School's Student Code of Behaviour, against those who bully others.

- 6.3 The prevention and awareness of bullying is integral to this policy and students will, through both their curricular and extra-curricular programmes, be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth. These opportunities include:

Curricular

- SPHE Year 1-3: Belonging and Integrating
- Class Tutor System
- First Year induction programme – Transition and transfer programme for incoming 1st years.
- Friends for Life Programme
- School completion programme
- BFL – Level 1 – 3 programmes.
- LCA – Social education

Extra Curricular

- Homework Club
- Christmas Concert
- Transition Year
- School Trips
- School Show
- Token System
- Students Council
- Sports and Cultural Activities
- Buddy – paired reading
- Mentor programme- 5th and 1st years
- Evening Study/ Homework club.

- 6.4 The focus of the School's prevention strategy will be to build empathy, respect and resilience in students. (See list section 6.3)
- 6.5 Students will be provided with opportunities to understand the causes and effects of bullying, the issue of identity-based bullying and in particular homophobic and transphobic bullying.

The School recognises that the SPHE curriculum makes specific provision for exploring bullying as well as the inter-related areas of belonging and integrating, communication, conflict, friendship, personal safety and relationships. Also, that the Relationship and Sexuality Education (RSE) programme provides opportunities to explore and discuss areas such as human sexuality and relationships, which has particular relevance to identity-based bullying. The School/ will make every reasonable effort to ensure that the full potential of these programmes to combat bullying is exploited.

The School is committed to exploring the potential of the Schools for Health in Ireland Framework to assist it in ensuring that the school is inclusive, welcoming of diversity

and addresses these issues effectively in the interests of all members of the school community.

Furthermore, it is recognised that there is potential within the teaching of all subjects and within extracurricular activities to foster an attitude of respect for all: to promote the value of diversity; to address prejudice and stereotyping and to highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.

- 6.6 Prevention and awareness raising measures will also deal explicitly with cyber- bullying through educating students about appropriate online behaviour, how to stay safe while on-line and also through developing a culture of reporting any concerns about or incidents of bullying to a member of the teaching staff. The School organises talks for parents on this topic. Other School policies on this area include the ICT policy.
- 6.7 The School will, in all its communications with students and their parents, commencing with the induction of the student into the School, make every effort to highlight the importance of students reporting incidents of, or concerns about bullying to a member of the teaching staff on the clear understanding that these matters are being reported in confidence. This means that a student who draws concerns about bullying to the attention of a member of staff will not have his/her identity divulged in any way that might result in those against whom allegations are being made identifying the source of the report.

More than anything else, the combating of bullying will depend on the extent to which students note and report bullying. In this context, the well-being of students is very much dependent on the vigilance of their fellow students and their preparedness to report concerns about bullying to the teaching staff and/or school management. All teaching staff will reinforce this point to students on an ongoing basis.

- 6.8 The School will adopt a school-wide approach (involving management, staff, parents, students and members of the wider community with a connection to the School) to prevent and combat bullying. In this context, the School is committed to engaging with parents. Firstly, the School will involve the Parents Association in the development of policies and practices to combat bullying. It is important that parents realise that anyone can be a bully and anyone can be a target of bullying. It is not just other people's sons and daughters that can bully. In this regard, it is important to realise that disagreements between young people are part and parcel of negotiating the road to adulthood and that every youthful disagreement should not be treated as a full-blown bullying episode.
- 6.9 In accordance with 6.8.9 of the DES Procedures 'parents and students are expected to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible'.
- 6.10 Where necessary the School will seek the assistance of and work with NEPS, the HSE and the Gardaí, as appropriate, to combat bullying – identify the perpetrators and support the victims.
- 6.11 In combating bullying, the School will take particular account of the needs of pupils with disabilities or with SEN. This will involve improving inclusion, focusing on developing social skills, paying particular attention to student induction and cultivating a school culture that respects everyone and values helping one another. Initiatives include:

- Visiting Primary Schools

- Pastoral care weekly meeting.
- SEN weekly team meeting
- School culture of inclusion
- Whole school SEN In-services
- Yearly meeting of SEN Teachers and class teachers
- Social skills taught in an Cuan and an Caladh
- BFL classroom
- School completion programme
- HSCL

- 6.12 The School is committed to surveying the student body regularly (at least once every school year) to identify the extent of bullying and, in so far as is possible, the students that are affected by it.
- 6.13 The School's RSE and SPHE programme will specifically address the issue of bullying with each year group, each school year.
- 6.14 The School's senior students will have a specific responsibility for recognising bullying behaviour, for bringing concerns about bullying behaviour to the attention of a teacher and for supporting vulnerable students in relation to bullying. Senior students through mentoring are important in identifying and resolving bullying behaviour. The senior students will be provided with training to assist them in this regard.

7.0 Procedures for investigating, following up and recording of bullying behaviour, and intervention strategies used by the School/College for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour - see Section 6.8 of [DES Procedures](#)

In dealing with incidents of Bullying Behaviour St Ailbe's school has adopted the guidelines from www.antibullyingcampaign.ie

Strand 2: The Reactive strand for responding to Bullying Incidents:

This strand enables schools to (a) respond to reports of bullying and (b) uncover, identify and deal with unreported bullying incidents so the bullying stops with no negative repercussions for targeted student or bullying student.

This strand involves: Completing an incident report, inform students that you will talk to anyone identified and give them an opportunity to stop the bullying, survey across the whole year group, interview anyone identified, get student to complete and sign a promise form and complete an action taken form.

- 7.1 Where a member of the teaching staff has a concern about a student being bullied, either as a result of a personal observation or as a result of receiving a report from a third party, s/he may investigate and deal with the matter in accordance with the procedures set out in Section 6.8 of the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#). Alternatively, the teacher may deem it necessary to refer the matter to the Relevant Teacher, Deputy Principal or Principal.
- 7.2 In investigating bullying behaviour or addressing bullying behaviour in any way, teachers are welcome to seek the assistance and support of the principal, the deputy principal or the pastoral care team at any time. Indeed, given the extent to which the principal

and deputy principal are privy to all kinds of personal information about students, it would be prudent for teachers to check in with either of them before taking any action in relation to bullying behaviour.

- 7.3 Where a teacher is concerned that a particular bullying episode is **causing serious upset to a student**, staff member or other person, s/he should bring it to the attention of the Relevant Teacher, the Principal or Deputy Principal at the earliest possible opportunity.
- 7.4 The School reserves the right to investigate allegations of bullying (and to take disciplinary action where necessary) where bullying is perpetrated by a member of the school community and it impinges on the work or well-being of a student in the school, even where the bullying acts are committed outside of the school/college.
- 7.5 The School reserves the right, in accordance with Section 6.3.5 of the [DES Procedures](#) to seek the assistance of agencies such as NEPS, the HSE, and the Gardaí, where it deems such assistance is necessary to dealing effectively with bullying behaviour. In any case, where the School/College deems bullying behaviour to be potentially abusive (see sections 6.8.12, 6.8.13 and 6.8.14 of the [DES Procedures](#)) it will consult with the HSE's Children and Family Services to assist it in drawing up an appropriate response or to obtain advice or to make a formal child protection report to the HSE or the Gardaí (as appropriate) in accordance with the DES [Child Protection Procedures for Primary and Post Primary Schools](#).
- 7.6 Concerns about or allegations of bullying will be investigated and addressed in accordance with Section 6.8.9 of the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#). These are summarised as follows.
 - a. In investigating and dealing with bullying the focus will be on resolving the interpersonal issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved - rather than apportioning blame.
 - b. In investigating and dealing with bullying, the teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved.
 - c. All reports of bullying, including anonymous reports, will be investigated and dealt with either by the teacher who first becomes aware of the allegations/concerns, the Relevant Teacher, the Principal or Deputy Principal. In this regard, it is incumbent on each teacher who becomes aware of bullying behaviour either to deal with such behaviour themselves or to bring such behaviour to the attention of the Relevant Teacher, Principal or Deputy Principal at the earliest possible opportunity.
 - d. It will be made clear to students in all years that when they report bullying behaviour they are not considered to be 'telling tales' but are behaving responsibly and that the well-being of other students is dependent on them reporting such behaviour to a teacher or to a senior student.
 - e. All non-teaching staff such as clerical and administrative, study supervisors, special needs assistants (SNAs), caretakers, cleaners, sports' coaches, those taking extracurricular activities and those driving school buses will be encouraged to report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to either a teacher or the principal or deputy principal who will then pass it on to one of the Relevant Teachers.

- f. Incidents of bullying will be investigated in a calm, unemotional problem-solving manner.
- g. Incidents of bullying will generally be investigated outside of the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved.
- h. All interviews will be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard for the rights of students, irrespective of whether they are allegedly involved in bullying behaviour or in a position to provide information about the behaviour being investigated.
- i. Those investigating bullying behaviour will calmly seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why.
- j. Where a group is allegedly involved in bullying behaviour, each student will be interviewed individually in the first instance. Thereafter, where appropriate, all involved will be met as a group and, at this meeting, each member will be asked for his/her account to ensure that all are clear about what each individual is saying.
- k. Each member of a group will be supported through the possible pressures that s/he may face from the other members of the group after being interviewed.
- l. Where deemed appropriate, those being interviewed may be asked to write down their account of what happened.
- m. Where the teacher investigating a bullying issue determines that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parents of the parties involved will be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and to explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school will give parents an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school.
- n. Where the relevant teacher determines that a student has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it will be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's/college's anti-bullying policy and **every reasonable effort** will be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the student/s being bullied.
- o. Where the School/College deems it necessary to impose disciplinary sanctions, it will be made clear to all involved (both the bullied and those doing the bullying) and their parents) that this is a private matter between the student being disciplined, his/her parents and the School/College.
- p. As a follow up to a bullying issue being resolved, the relevant teacher should meet separately with the relevant parties to review progress. Subsequently, but only if the student who has been bullied is ready and agreeable, consideration should be given to meeting with both parties simultaneously as this can have a therapeutic effect.
- q. Where the relevant teacher considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour has occurred, the bullying incident must be recorded by the relevant teacher in the recording template at Annexure 1.
- r. In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account.
 - ⇒ Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased.
 - ⇒ Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable.
 - ⇒ Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable; and
 - ⇒ Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parents or the school Principal or Deputy Principal.

- s. Where a parent/guardian or a student who is more than 18 years old is not satisfied that the School/College has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools, s/he will be **referred to the school's complaints procedures** – see **Section 6.8.9 (XX) of [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#)**.

Where a parent/guardian or a student who is more than 18 years having exhausted the school's complaints procedures, is still not satisfied s/he will be advised of his/her right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children - see **Section 6.8.9 (XXi) of [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#)**

Recording of bullying behaviour

Those involved in investigating and resolving bullying behaviour will note and report developments as follows and, in doing so, they will comply with relevant data protection legislation

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1 - determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- The Principal/Deputy Principal/ Year head should fill in a bullying incident sheet and store these records.

Formal-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at Annexure 1 to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) Where it is necessary to report serious bullying behaviour immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal (see 7. 3) or where a relevant teacher at any time passes on concerns or allegations of bullying to the Principal or Deputy Principal (see 7.1).

In each of the circumstances at (a) and (b) above, the recording template at Annexure 1 must be completed in full and retained by the teacher in question and a copy provided to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

At any point in either investigating or resolving a bullying matter, the relevant teacher may seek the advice and support of the Principal and/or Deputy Principal while retaining responsibility for dealing with the matter.

Also, at any point in either investigating or resolving a bullying matter, the relevant teacher may hand the matter over to either the Principal or Deputy Principal. In doing so, however, s/he must complete the recording template at Annexure 1, retain a copy of the completed template in his/her files and provide a copy to the Principal or Deputy Principal, as applicable.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. Due consideration needs to be given to where these records are kept, who has access to them, and how long they will be retained. Decisions around record keeping should be noted in this policy.

The Principal will store all Annexure 1 Forms received along with documentation from investigations etc in a file for this purpose.

8.0 Programme of support for working with students affected by bullying - see Sections 6.8 15, 6.8.16 and 6.8.17 of DES Procedures

8.1 The School/College will put in place a programme of supports for students who have been bullied. This programme will involve the following elements.

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
 - Pastoral care system
 - Buddy / Peer mentoring system
 - Tutor/Year head system
 - Pastoral Care Support Team
- If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

8.0 Supervision and Monitoring of Anti-Bullying in School/College

- The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible. All teachers are sent a copy of Yard Supervision and a document detailing the areas to be supervised.
- The implementation and effectiveness of the School's anti-bullying policy will be an agenda

item at staff meetings – so the concerns about the policy and/or the welfare of individual students can be shared and effectively addressed.

- Data gathered through the reporting templates ([Annexure 1](#)) will be collated and analysed annually with a view to monitoring levels of bullying behaviour and identifying issues requiring attention. This analysis will complement the information gathered through the bullying surveys – see Section [6.15](#).
- At least once in every school term, The Principal will provide a report to the Board of Management setting out the following.
 - ✓ the overall number of bullying cases reported (by means of the bullying recording template (see [Annexure 1](#)) since the previous report to the Board.
 - ✓ confirmation that all cases referred via the recording template ([Annexure 1](#)) have been or are being, dealt with in accordance with the school's anti-bullying policy and the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#). The minutes of Board of Management' meetings will record the Principal's report but in doing so will not include any identifying details of the students involved.

9.0 Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the School/College will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of students or staff or the harassment of students or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

10.0 Policy Adoption and Review

This policy was adopted by the Board of Management on _____

11.0 Policy Dissemination and Publication

This policy will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website and provided to the St Ailbe's schools Parents Association.

11.0 Policy Review

- The Board of Management will undertake an annual review of the school's anti-bullying policy and its implementation in accordance with the procedures set out in Section 7.2 of the [Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools](#) using the checklist included at **Appendix 4** of those procedures – see [Annexure 2](#).
- The Board of Management will ensure that an action plan is put in place to address any areas for improvement identified by the annual review.
- Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website and provided to the Parent School Association.
- Details of the review will be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Management' meeting that adopted the review and a record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, will be made available to the Patron and the DES. In the case of the DES, it is appreciated that the Inspectorate will place a strong focus on the

actions the School/College takes to create a positive school culture and to prevent and tackle bullying.

Signed: *Anna Judy Halliday*
(Chairperson of Board of Management)

16-5-2018

Date: 16-5-2018

Date of next review: 16-5-2020

Sign *Ruaidhri Devitt*
(Principal)